



Olaf M. Kolkman
olaf@NLnetLabs.nl



*To develop Open Source Software and Open Standards for
the benefit of the Internet.*

Paraphrased Article I of the Foundations Charter

NLnet
labs

Known For



NSD

Idns

Net::DNS



NSD Goals

improving
internet
security

DNSSEC

Biodiversity

Non-avail of alternative
should not lead to
blocking of DNSSEC

High Performance:
Software not the
bottleneck

Typically a secondary
Authoritative server

Simple thus
Secure

Tool designed for
the job

Do what's needed
and not more





Authoritative
only

Reference
implementation

Secure

Independent

High
Performance

NSD 1

packet
precompile

2002-2003

RRset
precompile

NSD 2

2003-2006

DNSSEC

NSD 3

I XFR-in

2006-
current

History

Daniel Karrenberg [daniel.karrenberg at ripe.net](mailto:daniel.karrenberg@ripe.net)

Fri Feb 14 08:50:12 CET 2003

As announced previously k.root-servers.net will start running nsd 1.0.2-rel.

The changeover will start at 0900UTC on Wednesday 19.2.2003. Between 0900 and 0930 all instances of K will be sequentially cut over. This way there will be no service interruption. During the cut-over period K will answer either using bind8 or nsd. After 0930 K will only answer using nsd. K will support identification of software and version using a id.server and version.server in class CHAOS as per insop-serverid.

This is designed to increase the diversity of software in the root server system, the lack of which is widely considered to be a potential vulnerability. The nsd software has been designed from scratch specifically as an authoritative name server. It has no design commonalities with bind, the currently prevalent DNS implementation. In addition to that nsd provides a significant increase in the performance reserve of k.root-servers.net.

Please report any anomalies with k.root-servers.net service to <ops at ripe.net> as usual.

nsd can be found at <http://www.nlnetlabs.nl/nsd/index.html>.

Typical use cases

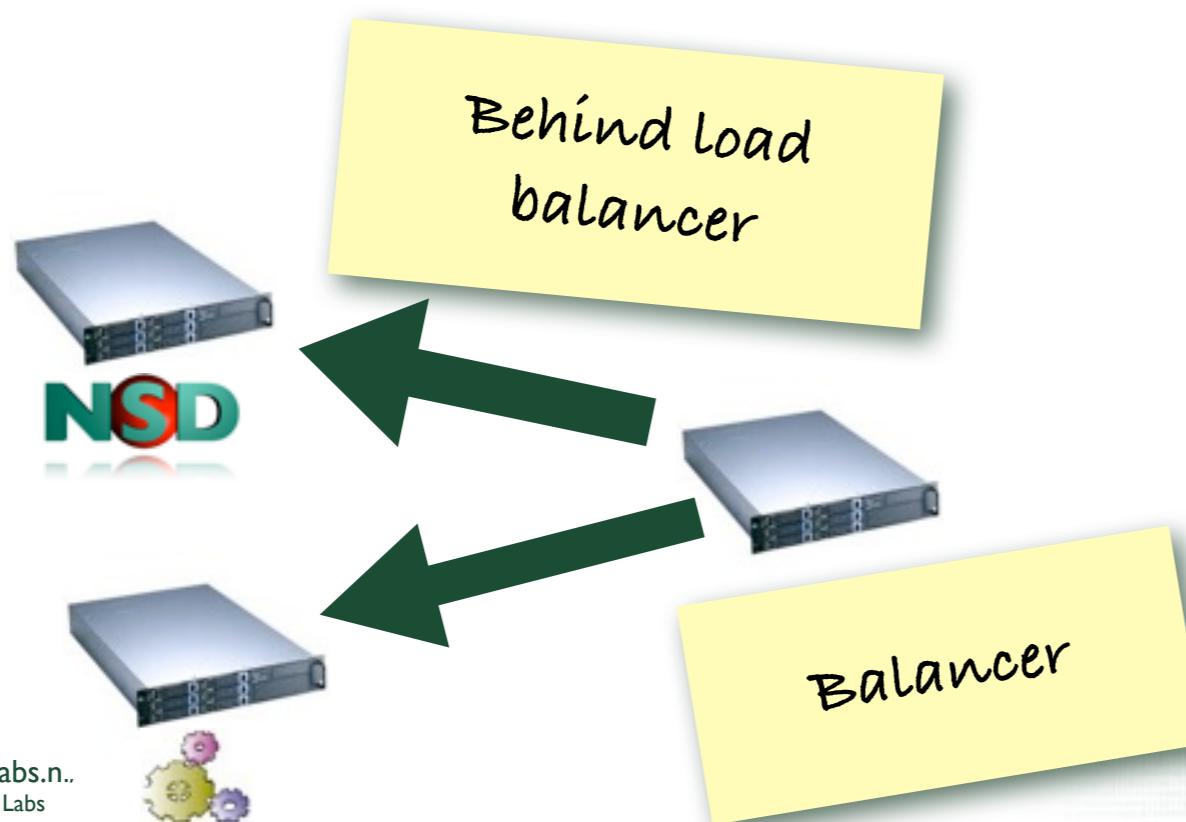
As one or more of
the secondaries



provisioning
system



Hidden Master





Vaporware, under active development

`HTTP://WWW.NLNETLABS.NL/SVN/NSD/TAGS/NSD_4_0_0_IMP_5/`

Production release: end 2012? - 2013

Goal: make NSD more suitable for hosting environments

10^5 zones

Zone config templates

dynamic behavior

Reconfiguration

Reloading

At least same performance as NSD3

No changes
in query
logic

edit of domain
nodes in μDB
and nsec3 pre-
compile

'patterns',
new config file
structures

```
$ nsd-control repattern  
$ nsd-control addzone \ bla.example mypattern
```

outgoing
incremental

Performance
radix tree and
improved
compilation

edit of domain
nodes in μDB
and nsec3 pre-
compile for
NXDOMAIN

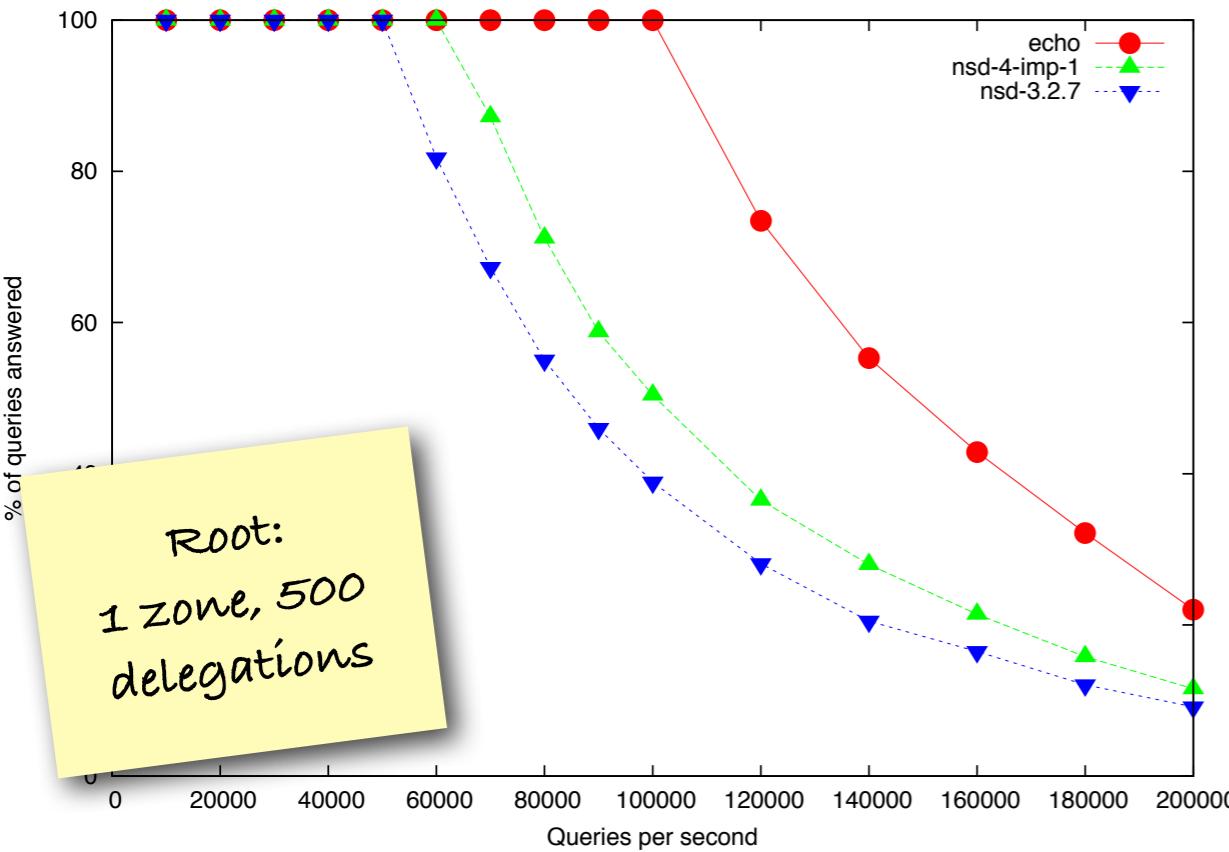
XFRD
scalability
to cope with
growing
memory

μDB on disk,
removal of zonec,
editable NMAP
database

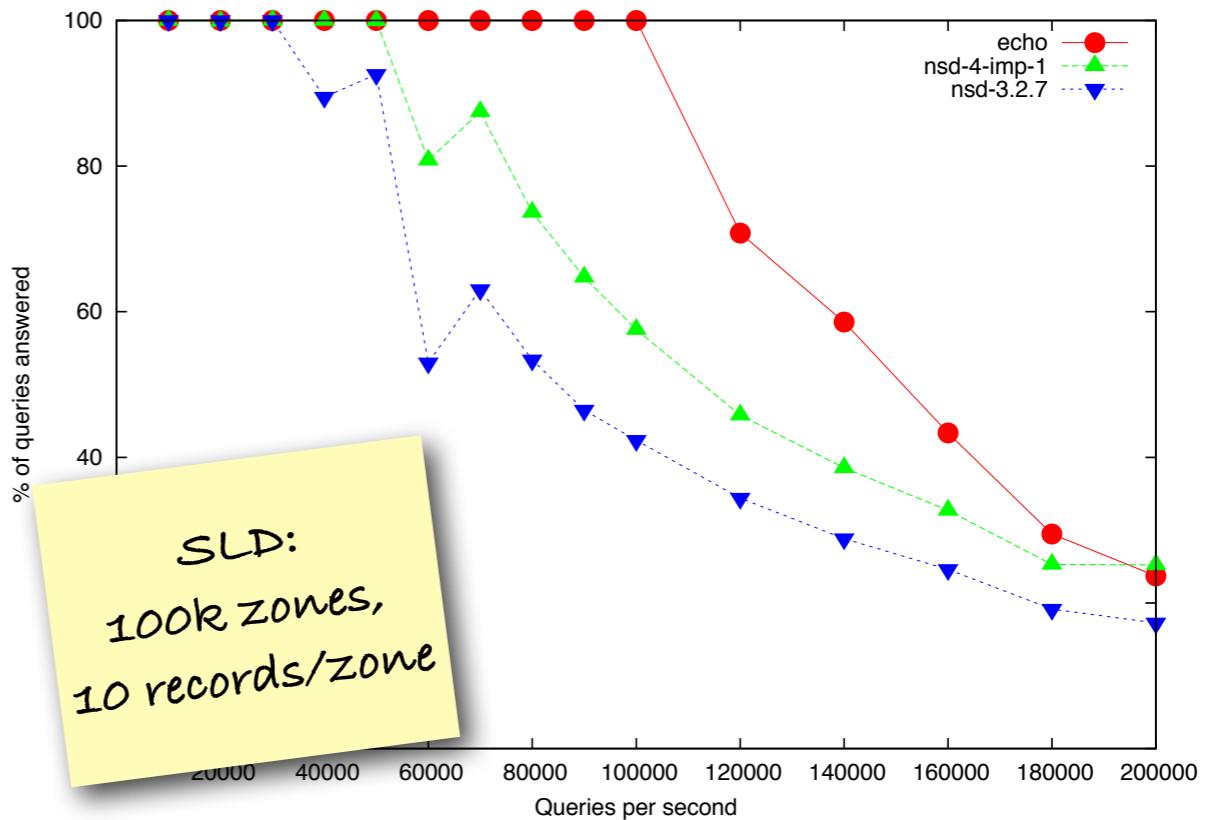
control
SSL remote
control

Munin,
logging,
other
usability

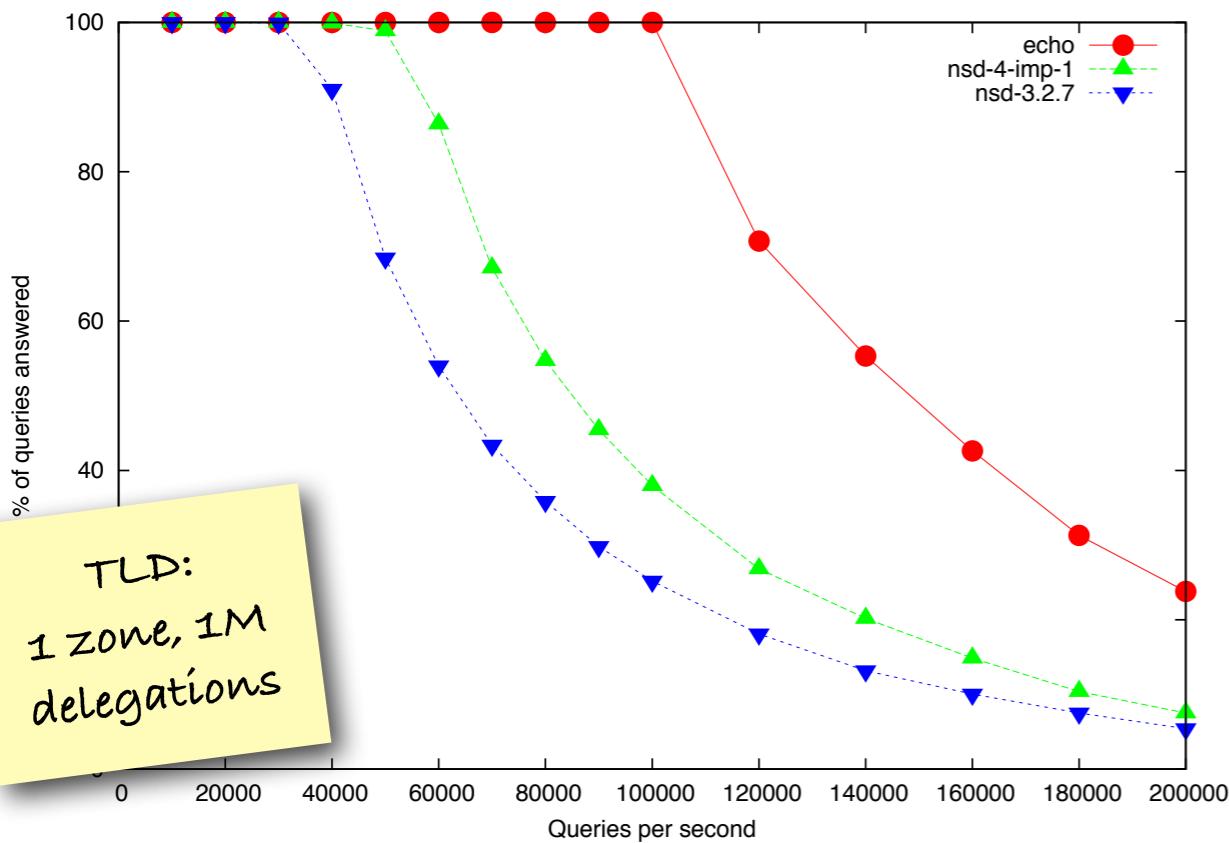
Full
production
grade tests
release



Root:
1 zone, 500
delegations



SLD:
100K zones,
10 records/zone



TLD:
1 zone, 1M
delegations

Use one core of 4x3.2Gz, 12Gb, 1Gbit intel Debian
1M queries, randomized.
100.000 qps is 64 mbit query stream
Assumptions
Domains called example123.tld
No nxdomain
No dnssec

Legacy hardware.
For comparison with
NSD3 only

NSD & NLnet Labs

100001110001
111010110001
100110101000
011000011000
001111000100
000101101000
000101101011

BSD License

allows for proprietary
extensions

support to
community

Free

Committed to
announce 2 years
in advance

nsd-users@nlnetlabs.nl

Paid support

support levels
and prices
available on
request